

# Ciphering Round Varsity League

High School Math Competition 2006

Georgia Institute of Technology

March 4<sup>th</sup>, 2006

## Problem #1

## Problem

Find  $a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + \cdots + a_9$  given that

$$(1 + x + x^2)^5 = a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + \cdots + a_9x^9 + a_{10}x^{10}.$$

## Problem #1

### Problem

Find  $a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + \cdots + a_9$  given that

$$(1 + x + x^2)^5 = a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + \cdots + a_9x^9 + a_{10}x^{10}.$$

### Answer

$$a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + \cdots + a_9 = 3^5 - 2 = 241$$

## Problem #2

### Problem

Find the prime factorization of  $3^{10} + 3^9 - 12$ .

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Find the prime factorization of  $3^{10} + 3^9 - 12$ .

### Answer

$$3^{10} + 3^9 - 12 = 2^7 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 41$$

## Problem #3

### Problem

Compute

$$\frac{1004}{2006} + \left( \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3} + \frac{1}{3 \cdot 4} + \frac{1}{4 \cdot 5} + \cdots + \frac{1}{2005 \cdot 2006} \right).$$

## Problem #3

### Problem

Compute

$$\frac{1004}{2006} + \left( \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3} + \frac{1}{3 \cdot 4} + \frac{1}{4 \cdot 5} + \cdots + \frac{1}{2005 \cdot 2006} \right).$$

### Answer

$$\frac{1004}{2006} + \left( \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3} + \frac{1}{3 \cdot 4} + \frac{1}{4 \cdot 5} + \cdots + \frac{1}{2005 \cdot 2006} \right) = 1$$

## Problem #4

### Problem

Find the sum of the digits of  $10^{2005} - 2006$ .



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Find the sum of the digits of  $10^{2005} - 2006$ .

### Answer

18038

## Problem #5

### Problem

If  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are the two roots of the equation  $2x^2 + 4x + 3 = 0$ , find  $\alpha^2 + \beta^2$ .

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### Answer

$$\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = 1$$

## Problem #6

## Problem

If  $P \subseteq \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 48, 49\}$  has the property that it does not have two distinct elements with sum divisible by 7, what is the maximal amount of elements  $P$  can have?

## Problem #6

### Problem

If  $P \subseteq \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 48, 49\}$  has the property that it does not have two distinct elements with sum divisible by 7, what is the maximal amount of elements  $P$  can have?

### Answer

22

## Problem #7

### Problem

If for all  $x \neq 0$  one has that  $x^{-1}f(-x) + f(x^{-1}) = x$ , find  $f(1)$ .

## Problem #7

### Problem

If for all  $x \neq 0$  one has that  $x^{-1}f(-x) + f(x^{-1}) = x$ , find  $f(1)$ .

### Answer

$$f(1) = 1$$

## Problem #8

### Problem

If  $a > 0$  and  $a^2 + \frac{1}{a^2} = 7$ , find  $a^3 + \frac{1}{a^3}$ .



## Problem #8

### Problem

If  $a > 0$  and  $a^2 + \frac{1}{a^2} = 7$ , find  $a^3 + \frac{1}{a^3}$ .

### Answer

$$a^3 + \frac{1}{a^3} = 18$$

## Problem #9

### Problem

In the sequence 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, ..., The ordered sequence with  $n$  terms equal to  $n$ , what is the 2006<sup>th</sup> term in the sequence?

## Problem #9

### Problem

In the sequence 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, ..., The ordered sequence with  $n$  terms equal to  $n$ , what is the  $2006^{\text{th}}$  term in the sequence?

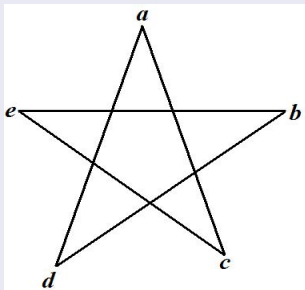
### Answer

63

## Problem #10

## Problem

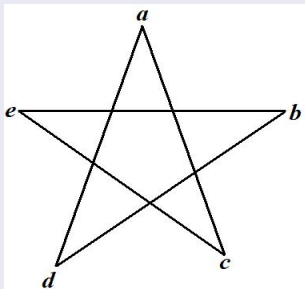
Find  $a + b + c + d + e$  where each letter represents the measure of the angle indicated in the figure.



## Problem #10

## Problem

Find  $a + b + c + d + e$  where each letter represents the measure of the angle indicated in the figure.



## Answer

$$a + b + c + d + e = 180^\circ = \pi \text{ radians}$$

**THE END**